KODIAK MANAGEMENT AREA SAC ROE HERRING HARVEST STRATEGY, 1994

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OVERVIEW

This document is intended to provide commercial fishermen and buyers with the pertinent information the Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) will use to manage the Kodiak commercial sac roe herring fishery.

The 1994 Kodiak sac roe herring fishery guideline harvest level (GHL) is 4,550 tons. The season will begin at 12:00 noon on April 15 and will close at 12:00 noon on June 30. Fishing periods will be 24 hours in duration starting at 12:00 noon on odd numbered days and ending at 12:00 noon on even numbered days.

The Kodiak sac roe herring fishery is currently managed within 75 management units. Historic herring harvests have occurred within 57 of these units and each unit is treated as an individual herring stock. Additionally, there are 11 exploratory management units which potentially support sac roe herring stocks and 7 management units located offshore that lack habitat suitable for spawning.

GHL's are established for each of the 57 management units. Inseason emergency order closures will occur as the GHL's for each unit are achieved. Unit closures may also be implemented prior to attaining the GHL if the fishery performance indicates that stock status is weaker than expected.

All inseason emergency order closures or reopenings will be broadcast on 4.125 mhz following the daily marine weather broadcasts at 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., also from (April 15- May 1) at 11:00 p.m. News releases will be available both inside and outside the Kodiak ADF&G building. Additionally, the most current closure announcements will be available 24 hours/day on the ADF&G record-a-phone at 486-4559.

All herring buyers/processors and all tender operators are required to register at the Kodiak ADF&G office before starting operations in the Kodiak Area. (Fishing vessels are not required to register.)

To prevent waste, permit holders are encouraged to check with their markets prior to fishing to determine acceptable minimum size/weight and roe percentages. All herring which are harvested during the sac roe season which are sold as bait or are discarded due to quality problems will be included as part of the total sac roe herring harvest.

INTRODUCTION

The Kodiak Area sac roe herring fishery has occurred annually since 1964, (Table 1). This fishery was an open-to-entry fishery from 1964 to 1980, under a moratorium to new entries from 1981 to 1984, and has been a limited entry fishery since 1985.

Since 1964 the harvest has averaged approximately 1,523 tons. Since 1979 the annual harvest has averaged about 2,356 tons and has provided a stable fishery with harvests ranging from 1,559 tons in 1986 to 4,929 in 1993, (Table 2). In recent years approximately 40 purse seiners and 80 gillnetters participate in this fishery annually. In 1993 the ex-vessel value of this fishery was estimated at \$2.7 million dollars.

This fishery targets on individual herring stocks immediately prior to spawning to ensure the greatest roe development and maximum roe recovery. Annual roe recovery for this fishery averages 10%.

This harvest strategy will outline the criteria for the management of the sac roe fishery.

GENERAL HARVEST POLICY

This commercial fishery is intended to occur in an orderly fashion, with minimal waste of the resource and within conservation limits as determined by ADF&G. Consequently, ADF&G will manage the fishery per the statewide general herring guideline harvest policy which provides for catches in traditional inshore areas, for the greatest roe recovery, and not to exceed a 20% exploitation rate on the available spawning biomass. Roe recovery standards are determined by industry personnel.

FISHERY MANAGEMENT

Districts and Management Units

The Kodiak Management Area (KMA) is divided into seven districts which define geographical areas used in managing the sac roe herring fishery. Each district is then broken into management units which are intended to define the spawning area used by a stock of herring or to define a geographical area. There are a total of 75 management units (Figure 1).

Guideline Harvest Levels

Harvest projections or guideline harvest levels (GHL's) were established for all management units which have produced consistent herring harvests in previous sac roe seasons. These GHL's are meant to reflect the status of a particular stock of herring by management unit and an estimate of harvest for the unit. These GHL's are **not guaranteed quotas** and the actual harvest may exceed or fall short of these projections. Criteria for establishing the GHL include; 1) 1993

expected biomass vs. actual biomass estimates, 2) average school size, 3) trends in age composition, 4) level of recruitment (age-3), 5) proportion of the spawning population age-5 and younger, 6) proportion of age-2 fish in the spawning biomass (indicator of future recruit strength) and 7) spawn observations (extent, frequency, amount deposited). This information is supplemented by fishery performance information, namely the expected vs. actual harvest timing, harvest duration, and harvest level. Some management units are designated "exploratory" and are assigned no GHL because these areas have had sporadic or no harvest of herring in past years. Inseason closures in these exploratory areas help to avoid excessive harvests.

1994 Harvest Projections

The 1994 KMA sac roe guideline harvest is approximately 4,550 short tons. The 1994 harvest may be at record or near record levels. The actual harvest will depend on the accuracy of the preseason forecast, and the weather conditions during the season. The GHL's by management unit (Table 3) will be used as an aid in making inseason management decisions. The GHL's are distributed by district as follows: Afognak District 1,005 tons, Uganik District 805 tons, Uyak District 185 tons, General District 1,445 tons, Alitak District 805 tons, and the Mainland District 305 tons. The forecasted harvest for the KMA is 8% of the projected statewide sac roe herring harvest of 56,100 tons, (Table 4).

Season Dates and Fishing Periods

The 1994 sac roe herring season will run from April 15 through June 30. Initial fishing periods will be 24 hours in duration and will begin at 12:00 Noon on odd numbered days and end at 12:00 Noon on even numbered days.

Because of the differential timing and abundance of Kodiak's various herring stocks, relatively high gear levels to GHL's, and the competition between gear types, this fishery is best served by a fixed opening date, which opens all units of the KMA collectively prior to any significant herring buildups. Staggered days of fishing provide clearly defined closed periods. These periods allow staff time to collect, summarize, and update all harvest data. The closures also allows for comparisons between reported and actual harvests.

INSEASON FISHERY MANAGEMENT

General Discussion

Inseason management of the sac roe fishery relies primarily on harvest data collected by ADF&G field crews stationed in management units where harvests are anticipated. During the 1994 season four ADF&G field crews and the ADF&G vessels R/V K-Hi-C and Resolution will monitor the fishery.

Generally, once the preseason GHL has been reached for a management unit, it is closed for the season. Due to the rapid pace at which some fisheries occur, inperiod closures are frequent. In management units which have an ADF&G field crew present, inperiod closures may occur with as little as 15 minutes advanced notification time. In management units without field crews inperiod closures may occur by, 1) announcement on single side band frequency 4.125 mhz following the daily marine weather forecast at 8:00 A.M. and 6:00 P.M., 2) field announcement by an ADF&G representative, or 3) by announcement by an ADF&G representative on single side band radio frequency 4.125 mhz at 11:00 P.M. from April 15 through May 1. Further details on Emergency Closures can be seen on page 6, "Getting the Word".

If at any time during the season it appears that preseason expectations were incorrect, GHL's can be adjusted above or below preseason levels. Consequently, units may be closed prior to reaching their GHL's or allow a harvest in excess of the GHL's depending on the assessed spawning biomass. During the regulatory season, April 15 to June 30, stocks which have been closed to harvesting may be reopened if it is determined by ADF&G that new fish have increased the available spawning biomass to the point that the initial exploitation rate has dropped below 10% for that stock, (Table 1). Any reopenings will require confirmation that the "new" fish are not juvenile herring, post spawners, or other forage fish and that ADF&G has the ability to monitor and regulate the reopening "on the grounds". At least 24 hours notice will be given prior to any reopenings.

Actual fishery performance is used to evaluate the health of a particular fishery. Key fishery performance components include: 1) duration of fishing time to harvest the management unit GHL, 2) catch per unit of effort, and 3) quality of herring (i.e. roe recovery percentages, weights, and age compositions). All fishermen, spotter pilots, and processors are encouraged to provide the ADF&G management staff with any information on stocks to improve the management of the fishery.

Changes in Fishing Period Duration

Depending on effort levels, harvest rates, and ADF&G's ability to monitor the fishery, the length of fishing periods during the first two weeks of the season may be reduced. Any changes to the "normal" 24 hour periods will be announced by emergency order.

Later in the season (usually early June) when fleet size and exploitable stocks are fewer, fishing periods may be modified to more adequately harvest late spawning stocks. However, ADF&G's ability to monitor this fishery is limited in late May and June, and this factor will be considered in modifying the fishing periods.

Management Unit Boundary Clarification

Over the past several years some management units have experienced harvests in new locations which may indicate the presence of a new herring stock. To allow for a traditional fishery, along with the development of new fisheries, additional boundaries within existing management units may be needed. If needed these inseason boundaries will be put in affect by an emergency order. Maps which depict these potential inseason boundaries by district can be seen in (Figures 2-5).

Catch Reporting

Processors and independent tender operators are required to provide timely daily tallies of herring deliveries by management unit and accurate estimates of herring onboard tenders that have not yet delivered to the cannery. Timely and accurate harvest reports from ADF&G field crews, fishermen, spotters, and processors are critical in order to assess herring harvests and guide the management of the fishery. Inaccurate or late information could result in premature area closures. To date industry cooperation has been excellent in support of this fishery.

Individual code sheets will be provided to each tender operator or processor required to report catches on a daily basis by radio. Each tender operator and buyer must register with the Department prior to fishing and will be given a packet containing regulations, statistical charts, etc.

ADF&G Field Crews/Fisher Cooperation

The crews aboard the Department's R/V K-Hi-C and Resolution and seasonal personnel in remote tent camps will assist the Area Management Biologists, by making frequent fishermen contacts to collect data on harvest levels and rates, fleet movements, and fleet observations of herring

herring concentrations, (Table 5). Fisher cooperation will be appreciated when Department personnel request herring samples from their commercial catch. Samples of juvenile herring inadvertently caught will also be gladly accepted by all ADF&G personnel. Samples will be used primarily for monitoring age composition, and when used with other stock performance indicators, will assist in determining stock status. Copies of historical age data by stock are available at the Kodiak ADF&G office.

ADF&G field crews will also monitor and map spawning activities, and solicit information on commercial sightings to supplement information gathered by ADF&G. Fishermen and spotter pilots are encouraged to provide biomass and spawning information, which will remain confidential. Past cooperation has been excellent and has helped evaluate stock status and gain critical management information.

Emergency Order Announcements: "Getting the Word"

By regulation, both purse seine and gillnet gear are allowed to fish in any open area. This allows for a wide dispersion of gear throughout the management area. Consequently, it is important for the fleet to be aware of any changes in closures or reopenings. This can be accomplished by: 1) personal contact with the herring management staff in Kodiak via office visits, or telephone at 486-1830, or radio-telephone, 2) contact with ADF&G field personnel and ADF&G vessels, the R/V K-Hi-C and Resolution, on VHF Channel 6 or SSB on 3.230 mhz, 3) contacting any local herring processor and having them transmit the latest Kodiak herring emergency order, 4) calling the 24-hour recorded message phone at 486-4559, 5) listening for any emergency order update which will be broadcast following the daily 8:00 A.M. and 6:00 P.M. marine weather broadcasts, on 4.125 mhz or by ADF&G announcement at 11:00 p.m. from April 15 through May 1 on 4.125 mhz, 6) obtaining a copy of the most recent emergency order, which are posted outside the entrance to the Kodiak Fish and Game building, and 7) listening to the Fish and Game reports broadcast over the local AM and FM radio stations (consult stations for broadcast times). No announcements will be given via VHF due to the limited broadcast range from the Kodiak office, however special consideration may be given to the Chiniak Bay fishery.

Inperiod closure announcements for management units do occur. Because of the extensive announcements associated with this fishery, it is recommended that fishermen document the latest E.O. announcement broadcast by either marking a chart or making a tape recording of the broadcast.

REGULATORY SUMMARY

Regulation Booklet and Statistical Chart

There are no regulation changes for the 1994 sac roe herring season. ADF&G annually publishes a regulation booklet, which details Kodiak and statewide herring regulations. The regulation booklet and a statistical chart which illustrates the Kodiak herring management units are available at the Kodiak Fish and Game Office.

Several regulation changes adopted in 1993 by the Alaska State Board of Fisheries and other pertinent regulations are as follows;

Gear

5 AAC 27.515 Gear.

- (a) Herring may be taken only by seines, gillnets, and trawls, except that beach seines and trawls may not be used to take herring during the herring sac roe season.
- (b) A herring fishing vessel may operate or assist in operating, or have aboard it, only one legal limit of herring fishing gear in the aggregate, except that a herring fishing vessel may tow or transport other herring fishing vessels containing those vessels own gear.
- (g)The use of leads with any gear used for commercial herring fishing is prohibited during the herring sac roe season.

Seine Specifications and Operations

5 AAC 27.525. Seine specifications and operations.

- (a) From April 1 through July 31, no purse seine may be more than 1,025 meshes in depth, including meshes used as chaffing gear, or more than 100 fathoms in length.
- (d)From April 1 through July 31, an Area K CFEC sac roe seine permit holder may use, to take herring, only the vessel identified on the permit, unless the permit holder has registered, in person, at the Department's Kodiak office, to use a replacement vessel. Only one replacement seine vessel may be registered by a CFEC permit holder at a time.

Gillnet Specifications and Operations

5 AAC 27.520. Gillnet specifications and operations.

- (a) The aggregate length of herring gillnets in use by a CFEC permit holder may not exceed 150 fathoms.
- (b) The interim-use or entry permit holder **must be physically present** while the gillnet is being fished.
- (c) Each drift gillnet in operation must have a buoy at one end and the opposite end must be attached to the fishing vessel. Each set net in operation must be anchored and buoyed at both ends. All buoys must be at least 10 inches in diameter and all buoys used on an individual gillnet must be of the same color. Each buoy must be plainly and legibly marked with the permanent vessel license plate number (ADF&G number) of the vessel operating the gear. The buoy may bear only a single number and this number must be that of the vessel used in operating the gear. The number must be painted on the top one-third of the buoy in numerals at least four inches in height, one-half inch in width and in a color contrasting to that of the buoy. The buoy markings must be visible on the buoy above the water surface. Set gillnets must have a buoy spaced every 25 fathoms along the net and the buoys must be floating on the surface of the water.

Extra Time For Gillnetters

Additionally as stated in 5AAC 27.520 (d) when the following conditions exist, herring gillnetters are allowed a <u>two hour</u> grace period before having to completely remove their gear from the water.

- 1. Herring gillnets may remain in the water up to <u>two hours</u> after the "primary closure time" for those fishing periods having fishing time of three hours or less.
- 2. Herring gillnets may remain in the water up to <u>two hours</u> after the announced "primary" closure time for those fishing periods greater than three hours in length, where the announcement occurs less than three hours before the scheduled "primary closure time" of the fishing period.

The "primary closure time" is the time at which all seine gear must have completed fishing. When it applies, the "secondary closure time", i.e. at the end of the two hour grace period for gillnet gear, ALL GILLNETS MUST BE COMPLETELY OUT OF THE WATER AND NO GILLNET GEAR MAY BE SET OR RESET AFTER THE "PRIMARY CLOSING TIME".

Waters Closed to Herring Fishing

- **5 AAC 27.530.** Waters closed to herring fishing. (a)During the period July 1 through October 31, herring may not be taken in waters described in 5 AAC 18.350 and 5 AAC 39.290. (Waters closed to salmon fishing).
 - (b)(1) <u>Brown's Lagoon:</u> all waters, beginning at the seaward entrance, are closed to herring fishing from April 15 through June 30.
 - (3) <u>Uganik Island</u>: lagoons on Uganik Island described as follows are closed to herring fishing from April 15 through June 30:
 - (A) south and west of a line from (57°51'06" N. lat. 153°13'32" W. long.), to (57°52"07" N. lat., 153°15' W. long.);
 - (B) north of a line from (57°49'22" N. lat., 153°17'39" W. long.), to (57°49'28" N. lat., 153°19'18" W. long.)
 - (C) east of a line from (57°50'51" N. lat., 153°19'11" W. long.), to (57°50'04" N. lat., 153°19'11" W. long.);

REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

Tenders and Processors

The tender registration procedure requires:

- Each tender operator and processor must register with the Kodiak ADF&G office either in person or by an authorized agent for that tender or processor.
- Registration must occur prior to taking fish on board the tender or taking fish at the processing plant.
- -(See Regulation 5 AAC 27.540 of the Commercial Herring Regulations for additional information. Note: This regulation will be strictly enforced.

Details of tender and floating processor reporting requirements will be finalized at the time of registration.

Fishing Vessels

There are **no special registration requirements** for either seine or gillnet vessels unless a purse seine permit holder intends to use a different vessel than is listed on their permit card. (See regulation 5AAC 27.525)

Herring Size Limits

As stated in 5AAC 27.536, no CFEC herring seine permit holder may sell or have aboard a vessel any herring that were taken during the sac roe herring season if the number of individual herring per 50 lbs. of net weight exceeds 250 fish (approximately 91 grams average weight).

TO PREVENT WASTE, PERMIT HOLDERS ARE ENCOURAGED TO CHECK WITH THEIR MARKETS PRIOR TO FISHING TO DETERMINE THE ACCEPTABLE MINIMUM SIZE/WEIGHT AND ROE PERCENTAGES. ALL HERRING WHICH ARE HARVESTED DURING THE SAC ROE SEASON WHICH ARE SOLD AS BAIT OR ARE DISCARDED DUE TO QUALITY PROBLEMS WILL BE INCLUDED AS PART OF THE TOTAL SAC ROE HARVEST.

Aircraft

There are no restrictions on the use of aircraft.

Table 1. Historical harvest by gear type for the Kodiak sac roe herring fishery, 1964-1993.

	Total Harvest	tal Harvest Seine	Gillnet	Number of	Number of Vessels			
Year	Tons	Tons		Companies	Seine	Gillnet	Total	
1964	568	568		2	5		5	
1965	657	657		2	8		8	
1966	2,769	2,769		4	11		11	
1967	1,662	1,662		4	5		5	
1968	2,001	2,001		4	10		10	
1969	1,130	1,130		9	21		21	
1970	342	342		5	13		13	
1971	284	284		2	4		4	
1972	215	215		1	4		4	
1973	831	831		4	11		11	
1974	868	868		4	26		26	
1975	8	8		3	2		. 2	
1976	5	5		1	1		1	
1977	338	338		3	11		11	
1978	904	881	23	7	28	7	35	
1979	1,735	1,457	278	8	57	125	182	
1980	2,383	2,009	374	9	92	109	201	
1981	2,065	1,596	469	9	79	114	193	
1982	1,771	1,447	324	6	45	67	112	
1983	2,319	1,797	522	7	41	64	105	
1984	2,163	1,691	472	7	39	69	108	
1985	1,968	1,244	724	7	34	81	115	
1986	1,558	1,111	448	8	31	71	102	
1987	2,146	1,591	555	8	29	62	91	
1988	2,171	1,304	868	6	33	76	109	
1989	2,249	1,513	736	6	37	83	120	
1990	2,347	1,644	703	6	27	63	90	
1991	2,432	1,697	735	6 .	32	64	96	
1992	4,283	3,260	1,023	6	40	74	114	
1993	4,929	4,203	726	8	41	86	127	
Total	49,101	40,123	8,980					
Average	1,637	1,337	561					

Table 2. Kodiak Management Area sac roe herring fishery industry summary, 1979-1993.

Year	Gear Type	Units of Gear	Est. Number Landings	Est. Harvest (Tons)	Est. Harvest Percent	Est. Total Value	Est. Average Earnings	Average Tons/Boat	Average Tons/ Landings	Average Landings/ Boat
1979	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	57 125 182	- - -	1457.2 277.9 1735.1	84 16 100	\$2,185,788 \$416,670 \$2,602,458	\$38,347 \$3,333	25.6 2.2	-	- - -
1980	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	92 109 201	- - -	2009.0 374.0 2383.0	84 16 100	\$1,377,987 \$280,423 \$1,685,410	\$14,978 \$2,573	21.8	- -	- - -
1981	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	79 114 193	207 406 613	1596.2 469.2 2065.4	77 23 100	\$1,137,764 \$395,640 \$1,633,404	\$14,402 \$3,471	20.2 4.1	7.7 1.2	2.6 3.6
1982	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	45 67 112	138 191 329	1447.0 323.6 1770.6	82 18 100	\$801,840 \$182,160 \$1,533,404	\$17,819 \$2,719	32.2 4.8	10.5 1.7	3.1 1.8
1983	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	41 64 105	164 284 448	1796.9 521.6 2318.5	78 22 100	\$1,437,520 \$417,280 \$1,854,800	\$35,061 \$6,520	43.8 8.2	11 1.8	4 4.4
1984	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	39 69 108	138 212 350	1691.2 471.5 2162.7	78 22 100	\$1,352,960 \$377,200 \$1,730,160	\$34,691 \$5,467	43.3 6.8	12.3	3.5 3.1
1985	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	34 81 115	118 348 466	1244.2 723.5 1967.7	63 37 100	\$1,119,780 \$651,150 \$1,770,930	\$32,935 \$8,039	36.6 8.9	10.5 2.1	3.5 4.3
1986	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	31 71 102	132 385 517	1110.8 448.6 1559.4	71 29 100	\$1,054,310 \$426,170 \$1,480,480	\$34,010 \$6,002	35.8 6.3	8.4 1.2	4.3 5.4
1987	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	29 62 91	122 411 533	1591.3 554.6 2145.9	74 26 100	\$1,591,300 \$554,600 \$2,145,900	\$54,872 \$8,945	54.9 9	13 1.35	4.2 6.6
1988	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	33 76 109	169 555 724	1303.6 867.2 2170.8	60 40 100	\$1,694,550 \$1,127,620 \$2,822,170	\$51,350 \$14,837	39.5 11.4	7.7 1.6	5.1 7.3

-Continued-

Table 2. (page 2 of 2)

Year	Gear Type	Units of Gear	Est. Number Landings	Est. Harvest (Tons)	Est. Harvest Percent	Est. Total Value	Est. Average Earnings	Average Tons/Boat	Average Tons/ Landings	Average Landings/ Boat
1989	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	37 83 120	171 627 798	1512.6 736.0 2248.6	67 33 100	\$1,285,710 \$625,600 \$1,911,310	\$34,749 \$7,537	40.9 8.9	8.8	4.6
1990	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	27 63 90	156 544 700	1644.0 703.0 2347.0	70 30 100	\$1,397,400 \$597,550 \$1,994,950	\$51,724 \$9,652	60.9 11.2	10.5	5.8 8.6
1991	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	32 64 96	169 587 756	1697.0 735.0 2432.0	70 30 100	\$1,442,450 \$624,750 \$2,067,200	\$45,077 \$9,762	53.0 11.5	10 1.3	5.3 9.2
1992	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	40 74 114	185 706 891	3260.0 1023.0 4283.0	76 24 100	\$1,630,000 \$511,500 \$2,141,500	\$40,750 \$6,912	81.5 13.8	17.6	4.6 9.5
1993	Purse Seine Gillnet TOTAL	41 86 127	237 294 531	4203.0 726.0 4929.0	85 15 100	\$2,312,000 \$399,000 \$2,711,000	\$56,380 \$4,640	102.5	17.7 2.5	5.8 3.4

Table 3. Sac roe herring fishery guideline harvest levels by stock, Kodiak Management Area, 1994.

STAT.	MGMT.	1994 GUIDELINE	REQUIRED SPAWNING BIOMASS					
AREA	UNITS	HARVEST LEVEL	@10% EXPLO		@20% EXPL			
AFOGN	AK DISTRICT							
A010	Raspberry St.	290 TONS	2,900	Tons	1,450	Tons		
A020	Malina Bay	180 TONS	1,800	Tons	900	Tons		
A031	Paramanof Bay	250 TONS	2,500	Tons	1,250	Tons		
A032	Foul Bay	75 TONS	750	Tons	375	Tons		
A040	Devils Inlet	10 TONS	100	Tons	50	Tons		
A040	Blue Fox	50 TONS	500	Tons	250	Tons		
A050	Offshore W. Afog.a	-		a	•	a		
A060	Shuyak Is.	20 TONS	200	Tons		Tons		
A070	Perenosa Bay	15 TONS	150	Tons	75	Tons		
A071	Delphin Bay	10 TONS	100	Tons	50	Tons		
A072	Seal Bay	10 TONS	100	Tons		Tons		
080A	Tonki Bay	15 TONS	150	Tons	75	Tons		
A090	Izhut Bay	15 TONS	150	Tons	75	Tons		
A091	Kitoi Bay	10 TONS	100	Tons	50	Tons		
A092	MacDonalds Lagoon	10 TONS	100	Tons	50	Tons		
A100	Danger Bay	25 TONS		Tons	125	Tons		
A101	Litnik	10 TONS	100	Tons	50	Tons		
A102	Duck Bay	10 TONS	100	Tons	50	Tons		
Distr	ict Totals	1,005 TONS	10,050	Tons	5,025	Tons		
UGANI.	K DISTRICT							
UG10	Kupreanof	10 TONS	100	Tons	50	Tons		
UG20	Viekoda	160 TONS	1,600	Tons	800	Tons		
UG21	Terror ^d	180 TONS	1,800		900	Tons		
UG30	Village Island ^d	200 TONS	2,000	Tons	1,000	Tons		
UG31	W. Uganik Pass	75 TONS		Tons	375	Tons		
UG32	NE Arm Uganik	30 TONS	300	Tons	150	Tons		
UG33	E. Arm Uganik	75 TONS	750	Tons	375	Tons		
UG34	S. Arm Uganik	75 TONS	750	Tons	375	Tons		
UG40	Offshore Uganik ^a	-		a		a		
Distr	ict Totals	805 TONS	8,050	Tons	4,025	Tons		
UYAK .	DISTRICT							
UY10	Offshore Uyaka	_		a		a		
UY20	Harvester Island	10 TONS	100	Tons	50	Tons		
UY30	Inner Uyak	50 TONS		Tons		Tons		
	Browns Lagoon	30 TONS		Tons		Tons		
	Larsen Bay	10 TONS		Tons		Tons		
UY40	Zachar Bay	40 TONS		Tons		Tons		
UY50	Spiridon Bay	45 TONS	450	Tons	225	Tons		
Distr	ict Totals	185 TONS	1,850	Tons	925	Tons		

-Continued-

Table 3. (page 2 of 3)

STAT.	MGMT.	1994 GUIDELINE					
AREA	UNITS	HARVEST LEVEL	@10% EXPLOIT	ATION	@20% EXPL	OITATIO	
LITA	K DISTRICT						
AL10	Outer Alitak	(Exploration)		b		b	
AL20	Inner Alitak	75 TONS	750 Tor			Tons	
AL21	Outer Deadman Bay	d 150 TONS	1,500 Tor			Tons	
AL21	Inner Deadman Bay		2,500 Tor		1,250		
AL30	Sulua/Portage Bay	190 TONS	1,900 Tor			Tons	
L40	Lower Olga/Moser ^c No. Upper Olga Ba	20 TONS	200 Tor			Tons	
L40 L50	So. Upper Olga Ba	y 10 TONS y 110 TONS	100 Tor 1,100 Tor			Tons	
L60	Geese/Twoheaded	(Exploration)	1,100 101	b b	550	Tons b	
istr	ict Totals	805 TONS	8,050 Tor	ns	4,025	Tons	
TURG	EON/HALIBUT DISTRI	CT					
SH10	Sturgeon/Halibut	(Exploration)		ь		р	
ENER	AL DISTRICT						
010	Kaiugnak ^d	20 TONS	200 Tor	ns	100	Tons	
9020	W. Sitkalidak St.		3,000 Tor	ıs	1,500	Tons	
020	SW Sitkalidak St.		1,200 Tor			Tons	
021	Barling	50 TONS	500 Tor			Tons	
022	E. Sitkalidak St.		2,900 Tor		1,450		
023	Tanginak Anchorag		150 Tor	ls b	75	Tons	
O30 O40	Outer Sitkalidak Outer Kiliuda	(Exploration)		b		b	
041	Inner Kiliuda (Ea	st) 80 TONS	800 Tor		400	Tons	
041	Inner Kiliuda (We	st) ^d 60 TONS	600 Tor			Tons	
042	Shearwater	75 TONS	750 Tor			Tons	
053	Pasagshak	30 TONS	300 Tor			Tons	
050	Outer Ugak	60 TONS	600 Tor			Tons	
051	Inner Ugak	120 TONS	1,200 Tor		600	Tons	
060	Womens Bay	100 TONS	1,000 Tor	ıs	500	Tons	
070	Monashka/Mill B.			Д		b	
080	Anton Larsen	10 TONS	100 Tor			Tons	
Ю81 Ю90	Sheratin	10 TONS	100 Tor			Tons	
1090	Kizhuyak Kalsin Bay	50 TONS 15 TONS	500 Tor 150 Tor			Tons	
101	Middle Bay	20 TONS	200 Tor			Tons Tons	
102	Inshore Chiniak	10 TONS	100 Tor			Tons	
103	Middle Bay Inshore Chiniak Spruce Island	10 TONS	100 Tor			Tons	
istri	ict Total	1,445 TONS	14,450 Tor	ıs	7,225	Tons	
IA INI.	AND DIST.						
1010	North Mainland	(Exploration)		ь		d	
1020	Inner Kukak	65 TONS	650 Tor	ıs	325	Tons	
1030	Outer Kukak ^a			a ,		a	
040	Inner Missak	(Exploration)	•	b		b	
040	Outer Missaka		650 E	a	20-	a	
1050	Inner Katmai	65 TONS	650 Tor	ıs	325	יוי ס מ	

-Continued-

Table 3. (page 3 of 3)

STAT. AREA	MGMT. UNITS	1994 GUIDELINE HARVEST LEVEL	@10% EXPL		AWNING BIOM @20% EXPL	
MAINL	AND DISTRICT (Con	t.)				
м060	Outer Katmaia	_		a		а
M070	Alinchak	50 TONS	500	Tons	250	Tons
080M	Puale Bay	(Exploration) ^b		ь		1-
M090	Portage Bay	(Exploration)		ъ		b a
M100	Outer Portage ^a	-		a		
M110	Wide Bay	125 TONS	1,250	Tons	625	Tons
M120	Lower Shelikof	(Exploration)		a		Б
Distr	ict Total	305 TONS	3,050	Tons	1,525	Tons
GRAND	TOTAL	4,550 TONS	45,500	Tons	22,750	Tons

These are offshore management units which are not expected to yield herring of sac roe quality. These units are more applicable to the food/bait fishery. (See Herring Food/Bait Fishery Management Plan.)

- Adequate biomass to justify an "exploratory" harvest; the actual harvest should not exceed 20% of the available biomass.
- The following management units have been modified either in name or boundaries for the purpose of inseason management of the Olga/Moser Bay herring stocks. Each unit will be described by emergency order when closures are issued for these units.
 - -AL40 Lower Olga/Moser Unit: Formerly that portion of the Olga/Moser Bay Section south of the latitude of Stockholm Point.
 - -AL50 North Upper Olga Unit: Formerly that portion of the Olga/Moser Bay Section north of the latitude of Stockholm Point.
 - -AL50 South Upper Olga Unit: Formerly called the Upper Olga Bay Section.
- The boundaries for the following management units maybe modified inseason as shown in Figures 2-5.
 - -Uganik District: The Village Island and Terror Bay Management Units.
 - -Alitak District: Deadman Bay Management Unit.
 - -General District: West Sitkalidak, Kaiugnak Bay, and the Inner Kiluida Bay Management Units.

Table 4. 1993 Alaska statewide sac roe herring harvests and preliminary 1994 harvest projections.

	1993 AC	TUAL		1994 PROJECTIONS					
						Spawning			
Fishery	Opening or First Harvest	Harvest (s. tons)	Harvest (s. tons)	Expl. Rate	Mean Wt.(g)	Biomass (s. tons)	Stock Status/Trend		
Southeastern									
Kah Shakes	4/10	725	1,032	11%		9,299	Moderate/Increasing		
Sitka	3/27	10,154	4,100	16%		25,634	Moderate/decreasing		
Seymour Canal	Closed	,	0	10%		3,552	Moderate/Increasing		
Lynn Canal	Closed		0			-	Depressed/Stable		
Hoonah Snd. Pound	4/06	12.	12*			-	No data		
Craig Pound	4/17	12 19	11,			12,350	Moderate/Stable		
Prince William Sound		=-				- '			
Seine	No harvest	0	2,615						
Gillnet	4/15	1.030	153						
Pound Kelp	4/10	163*	305*						
Wild Kelp	4/09	175*	268*						
Total		1,368	3,341	15%		30,000	High/Stable		
Cook Inlet		_,					2		
Kamishak District	4/21	3,570	3,421	15%	207	25,344	Moderate/Stable		
Kodiak			•						
Sac Roe	4/15	4.929	4,550			Unknown	No data		
Chiquik Sac Roe	No Fishery	-,				Unknown	No data		
Alaska Peninsula	-10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					***************************************			
North Peninsula									
Port Heiden		0							
Port Moller		536	1,200			Unknown	High/Stable		
South Peninsula		97	200			Unknown	Moderate/Stable		
Bristol Bay (Togiak)		•				••••			
Seine	4/27	14,041	18,832						
Gill Net	4/29	3,562	6,277						
Spawn on Kelp	5/01	191	1.75*						
Total			25,284	20%°		142,498	Moderate/Decreasing		
Kuskokwim Area						,			
Security Cove	5/12	5	1,528	20%		6.282	High/Stable		
Goodnews Bay	5/12	906	1,136	20%	,	3,600	High/Stable		
Cape Avinof	5/23	210	424	15%		2,358	Moderate/Stable		
Nunivak Island	No harvest	0	736	15%		3,942	Moderate/Stable		
Nelson Island	5/17	732	733	15%		3,514	Moderate/Stable		
Cape Romanzof	5/17	369	414	15%		2,369	No data		
Norton Sound		200				-,-00			
Gillnet	5/25	4,291	7,031						
Beach Seine	5/24	742	781						
Total		$7.\frac{7.5}{255}$	12,783	20%		45,270	High/Increasing		
Port Clarence	No Harvest	.,	165			Unknown			

^a Harvest of spawn-on-kelp product in short tons.

b Kamishak District exploitation rate includes the eastern Shelikof food and bait harvests.

^c Togiak exploration rate includes allowances for spawn-on-kelp fishery and Dutch Harbor food and bait harvest.

^d Sac roe statewide total harvests do not include allowances for spawn-on-kelp fishery mortality.

Table 5. Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Division of Commercial Fisheries 1994 management staff.

Office Staff:

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Regional Finfish Coordinator

Assistant Management Biologist

Area Management Biologist
Assistant Management Biologist

Fishery Biologist

Publication Technician II

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M/V K-Hi-C:

Boat Officer Fishery Biologist Tom Emerson Dennis Gretsch

M/V Resolution:

Boat Officer Boat Officer Ron Kutchick Tim Howland

Field Crews:

Fishery Technician Kim Rudge Mo Lambdin Jon Becker Ed Hajdys Paul Kuriscak Shawna Rudio Mike Barnes George Pappas

Figure Reduced units, a office. ρ scale full map of scale of map the can Kodiak be carea herring obtained from management the Kodiak

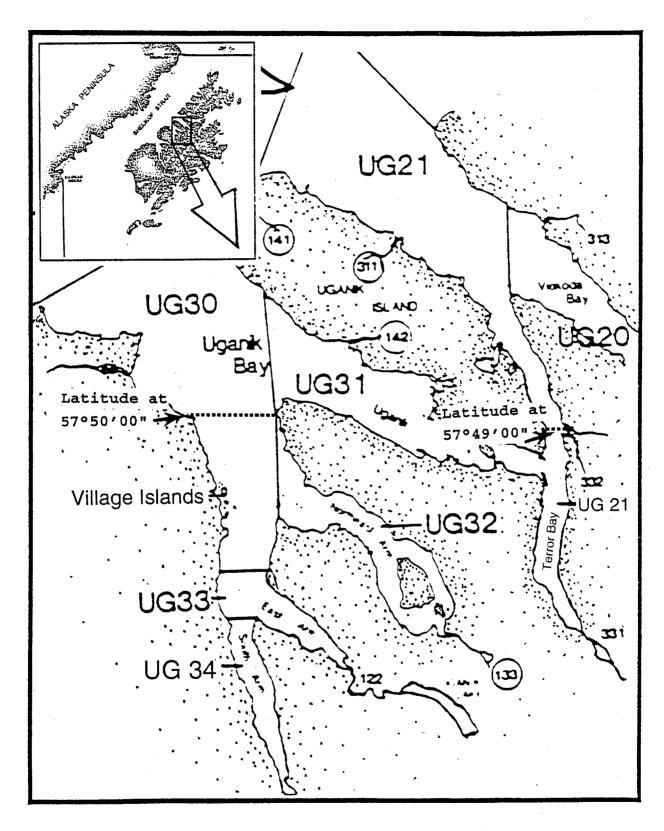


Figure 2. Potential inseason boundary changes for the Village Islands and Terror Bay management units of the Uganik District.

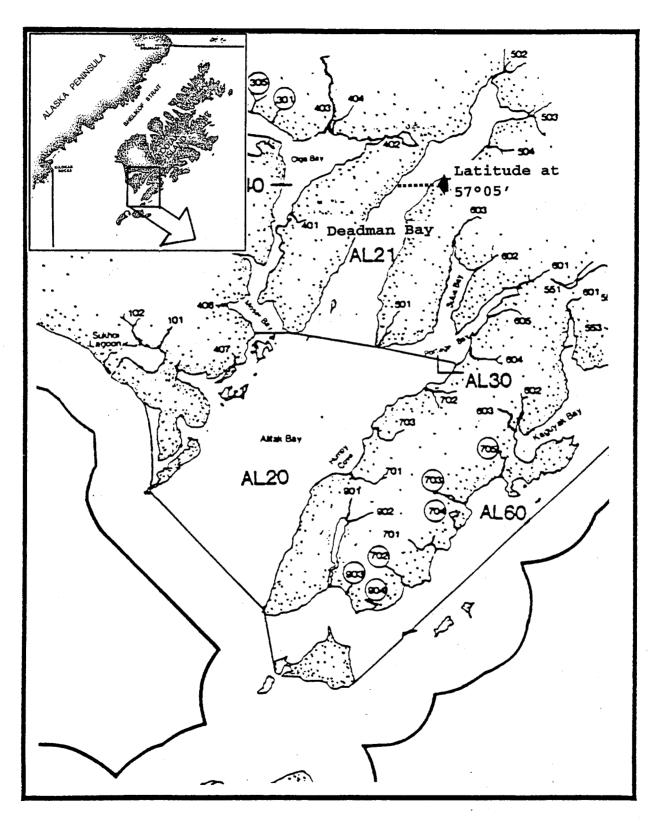


Figure 3. Potential inseason boundary changes for the Deadman Bay management unit of the Alitak District.

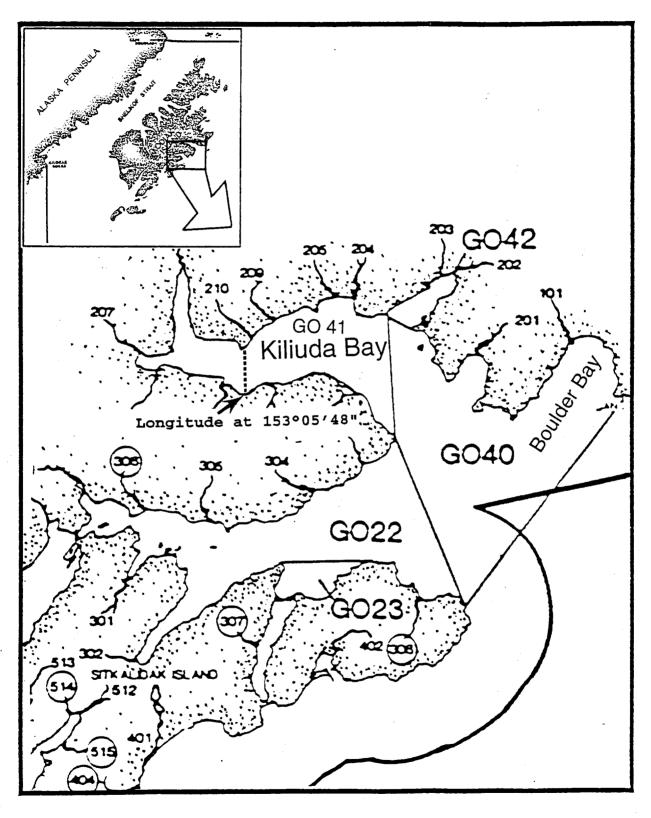


Figure 4. Potential inseason boundary changes for the Inner Kiliuda Bay management unit of the General District.

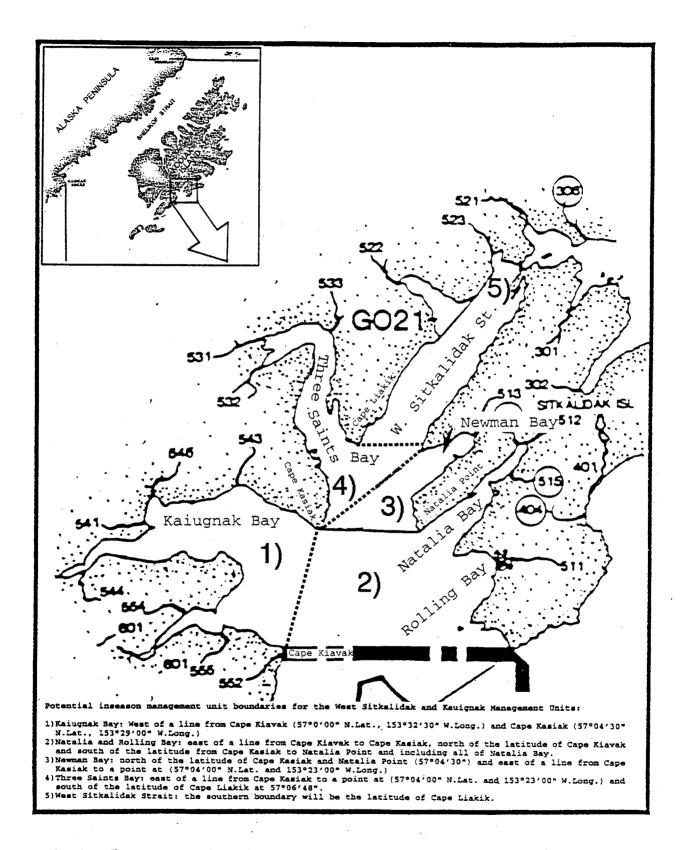


Figure 5. Potential inseason boundary changes for the West Sitkalidak and Kaiugnak Bay management units of the General District.

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